# 524288-word × 8-bit High Speed CMOS Static RAM

# HITACHI

ADE-203-640 (Z) Preliminary Rev. 0.0 Sep. 12, 1996

#### Description

The Hitachi HM628512A is a 4-Mbit static RAM organized 512-kword  $\times$  8-bit. It realizes higher density, higher performance and low power consumption by employing 0.5 µm Hi-CMOS process technology. The device, packaged in a 525-mil SOP (foot print pitch width) or 400-mil TSOP TYPE II or 600-mil plastic DIP, is available for high density mounting. The HM628512A is suitable for battery backup system.

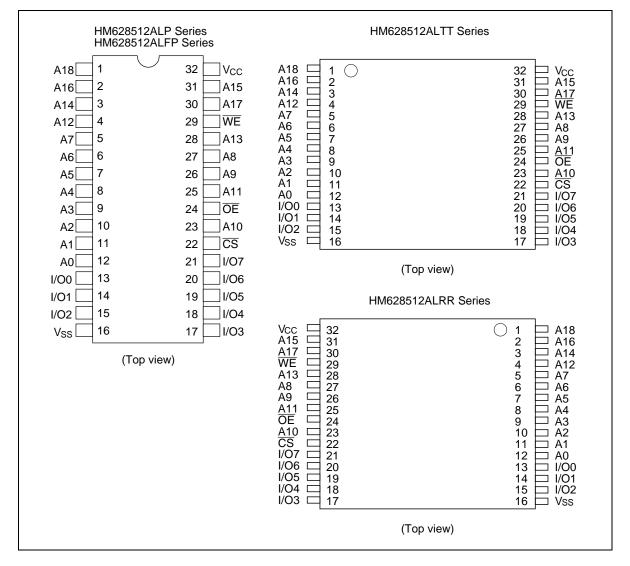
#### Features

- Single 5 V supply
- Access time: 55/70 ns (max)
- Power dissipation
  - Active: 50 mW/MHz (typ)
  - Standby: 10 µW (typ)
- Completely static memory. No clock or timing strobe required
- Equal access and cycle times
- Common data input and output: Three state output
- Directly TTL compatible: All inputs and outputs
- Battery backup operation

# **Ordering Information**

Туре No.	Access time	Package
HM628512ALP-5 HM628512ALP-7	55 ns 70 ns	600-mil 32-pin plastic DIP (DP-32)
HM628512ALP-5SL HM628512ALP-7SL	55 ns 70 ns	
HM628512ALFP-5 HM628512ALFP-7	55 ns 70 ns	525-mil 32-pin plastic SOP (FP-32D)
HM628512ALFP-5SL HM628512ALFP-7SL	55 ns 70 ns	_
HM628512ALTT-5 HM628512ALTT-7	55 ns 70 ns	400-mil 32-pin plastic TSOP II (TTP-32D)
HM628512ALTT-5SL HM628512ALTT-7SL	55 ns 70 ns	_
HM628512ALRR-5 HM628512ALRR-7	55 ns 70 ns	400-mil 32-pin plastic TSOP II reverse (TTP-32DR)
HM628512ALRR-5SL HM628512ALRR-7SL	55 ns 70 ns	

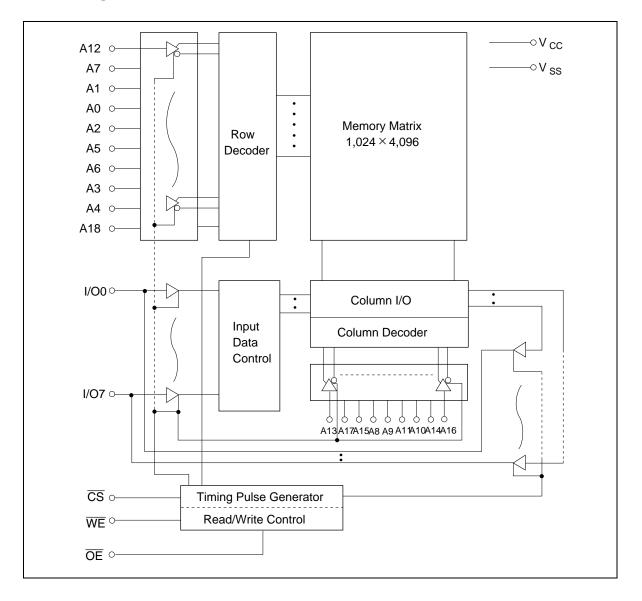
#### **Pin Arrangement**



#### **Pin Description**

Pin name	Function
A0 to A18	Address input
I/O0 to I/O7	Data input/output
CS	Chip select
ŌĒ	Output enable
WE	Write enable
V <sub>cc</sub>	Power supply
V <sub>ss</sub>	Ground

# **Block Diagram**



# **Function Table**

WE	<u>CS</u>	ŌĒ	Mode	V <sub>cc</sub> current	Dout pin	Ref. cycle
×	Н	×	Not selected	I <sub>SB</sub> , I <sub>SB1</sub>	High-Z	_
Н	L	Н	Output disable	I <sub>cc</sub>	High-Z	_
Н	L	L	Read	I <sub>cc</sub>	Dout	Read cycle
L	L	Н	Write	I <sub>cc</sub>	Din	Write cycle (1)
L	L	L	Write	I <sub>cc</sub>	Din	Write cycle (2)

Note: ×: H or L

# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power supply voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	-0.5 to +7.0	V
Voltage on any pin relative to $V_{\mbox{\tiny SS}}$	V <sub>T</sub>	$-0.5^{*1}$ to V <sub>cc</sub> + 0.3 <sup>*2</sup>	V
Power dissipation	P <sub>T</sub>	1.0	W
Operating temperature	Topr	0 to +70	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg	-55 to +125	°C
Storage temperature under bias	Tbias	-10 to +85	°C

Notes: 1. -3.0 V for pulse half-width  $\leq 30$  ns

2. Maximum voltage is 7.0 V

### **Recommended DC Operating Conditions** (Ta = 0 to $+70^{\circ}$ C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
	V <sub>ss</sub>	0	0	0	V
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.2		V <sub>cc</sub> + 0.3	V
Input low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-0.3*1	_	0.8	V

Note: 1. -3.0 V for pulse half-width  $\leq 30$  ns

# DC Characteristics (Ta = 0 to +70°C, $V_{_{CC}}$ = 5 V ±10% , $V_{_{SS}}$ = 0 V)

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typ* <sup>1</sup>	Max	Unit	Test conditions
Input leakage current		I <sub>u</sub>	—	—	1	μA	$Vin = V_{ss} to V_{cc}$
Output leakage current		$ I_{LO} $	—	_	1	μA	$\overline{\frac{CS}{WE}} = V_{H} \text{ or } \overline{OE} = V_{H} \text{ or}$ $\overline{WE} = V_{IL}, V_{I/O} = V_{SS} \text{ to } V_{CC}$
Operating power supply cu	irrent: DC	I <sub>cc</sub>	_	8	15	mA	$\overline{CS} = V_{IL},$ others = $V_{IH}/V_{IL}, I_{I/O} = 0 \text{ mA}$
Operating power supply current	HM628512A-5	I <sub>cc1</sub>	_	45	70	mA	$\frac{\text{Min cycle, duty} = 100\%}{\overline{CS} = V_{\mu}, \text{ others} = V_{\mu}/V_{\mu}}$ $I_{\nu o} = 0 \text{ mA}$
	HM628512A-7	I <sub>CC1</sub>	_	40	60	mA	
Operating power supply current		I <sub>CC2</sub>	_	10	20	mA	$\begin{array}{l} Cycle \ time = 1 \ \mu s, \\ duty = 100\% \\ I_{_{VO}} = 0 \ mA, \ \overline{CS} \leq 0.2 \ V \\ V_{_{IH}} \geq V_{_{CC}} - 0.2 \ V, \ V_{_{IL}} \leq 0.2 \ V \end{array}$
Standby power supply curr	ent: DC	I <sub>SB</sub>	_	1	3	mA	$\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}$
Standby power supply curr	rent (1): DC	I <sub>SB1</sub>		<b>2</b> * <sup>2</sup>	100* <sup>2</sup>	μA	$Vin \ge 0 \ V, \ \overline{CS} \ge V_{cc} - 0.2 \ V$
				2* <sup>3</sup>	50* <sup>3</sup>	μA	-
Output low voltage		V <sub>ol</sub>	_	_	0.4	V	I <sub>oL</sub> = 2.1 mA
Output high voltage		V <sub>OH</sub>	2.4	_		V	I <sub>он</sub> = -1.0 mA

Notes: 1. Typical values are at  $V_{cc}$  = 5.0 V, Ta = +25°C and specified loading, and not guaranteed.

2. This characteristics is guaranteed only for L version.

3. This characteristics is guaranteed only for L-SL version.

# **Capacitance** (Ta = $25^{\circ}$ C, f = 1 MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Max	Unit	Test conditions
Input capacitance*1	Cin	_	8	pF	Vin = 0 V
Input/output capacitance*1	CIVO	_	10	pF	V <sub>1/0</sub> = 0 V

Note: 1. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

# AC Characteristics (Ta = 0 to +70°C, $V_{cc}$ = 5 V ± 10%, unless otherwise noted.)

#### **Test Conditions**

- Input pulse levels: 0.8 V to 2.4 V
- Input rise and fall time: 5 ns
- Input and output timing reference levels: 1.5 V
- Output load: 1 TTL Gate +  $C_L$  (100 pF) (HM628512A-7)
  - 1 TTL Gate +  $C_L$  (50 pF) (HM628512A-5)

(Including scope & jig)

#### **Read Cycle**

		HM628512A						
		-5	-5		-7			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Notes	
Read cycle time	t <sub>RC</sub>	55	_	70		ns		
Address access time	t <sub>AA</sub>	_	55	_	70	ns		
Chip select access time	t <sub>co</sub>	_	55	_	70	ns		
Output enable to output valid	t <sub>oe</sub>	_	25		35	ns		
Chip selection to output in low-Z	t <sub>LZ</sub>	10	_	10		ns	2	
Output enable to output in low-Z	t <sub>olz</sub>	5	—	5		ns	2	
Chip deselection to output in high-Z	t <sub>HZ</sub>	0	20	0	25	ns	1, 2	
Output disable to output in high-Z	t <sub>oHz</sub>	0	20	0	25	ns	1, 2	
Output hold from address change	t <sub>он</sub>	10	_	10	_	ns		

#### Write Cycle

		HM628512A						
		-5		-7				
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Notes	
Write cycle time	t <sub>wc</sub>	55	_	70		ns		
Chip selection to end of write	t <sub>cw</sub>	50	—	60	—	ns	4	
Address setup time	t <sub>AS</sub>	0	—	0	_	ns	5	
Address valid to end of write	t <sub>AW</sub>	50	_	60	_	ns		
Write pulse width	t <sub>wP</sub>	40	_	50	_	ns	3, 12	
Write recovery time	t <sub>wR</sub>	0	_	0	_	ns	6	
WE to output in high-Z	t <sub>wHZ</sub>	0	20	0	25	ns	1, 2, 7	
Data to write time overlap	t <sub>DW</sub>	25	_	30	_	ns		
Data hold from write time	t <sub>DH</sub>	0	_	0	_	ns		
Output active from output in high-Z	t <sub>ow</sub>	5	_	5		ns	2	
Output disable to output in high-Z	t <sub>oHZ</sub>	0	20	0	25	ns	1, 2, 7	

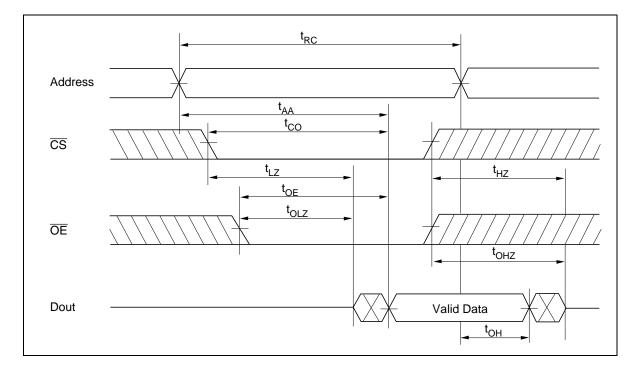
Notes: 1.  $t_{HZ}$ ,  $t_{OHZ}$  and  $t_{WHZ}$  are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit conditions and are not referred to output voltage levels.

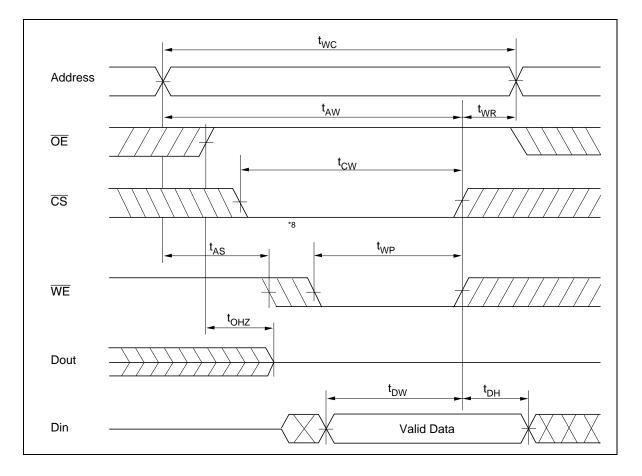
2. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

- 3. A write occurs during the overlap (t<sub>WP</sub>) of a low CS and a low WE. A write begins at the later transition of CS going low or WE going low. A write ends at the earlier transition of CS going high or WE going high. t<sub>WP</sub> is measured from the beginning of write to the end of write.
- 4.  $t_{cw}$  is measured from  $\overline{CS}$  going low to the end of write.
- 5.  $t_{AS}$  is measured from the address valid to the beginning of write.
- 6.  $t_{WR}$  is measured from the earlier of  $\overline{WE}$  or  $\overline{CS}$  going high to the end of write cycle.
- 7. During this period, I/O pins are in the output state so that the input signals of the opposite phase to the outputs must not be applied.
- 8. If the CS low transition occurs simultaneously with the WE low transition or after the WE transition, the output remain in a high impedance state.
- 9. Dout is the same phase of the write data of this write cycle.
- 10. Dout is the read data of next address.
- 11. If CS is low during this period, I/O pins are in the output state. Therefore, the input signals of the opposite phase to the outputs must not be applied to them.
- 12. In the write cycle with  $\overline{OE}$  low fixed,  $t_{_{WP}}$  must satisfy the following equation to avoid a problem of data bus contention.  $t_{_{WP}} \ge t_{_{DW}}$  min +  $t_{_{WHZ}}$  max

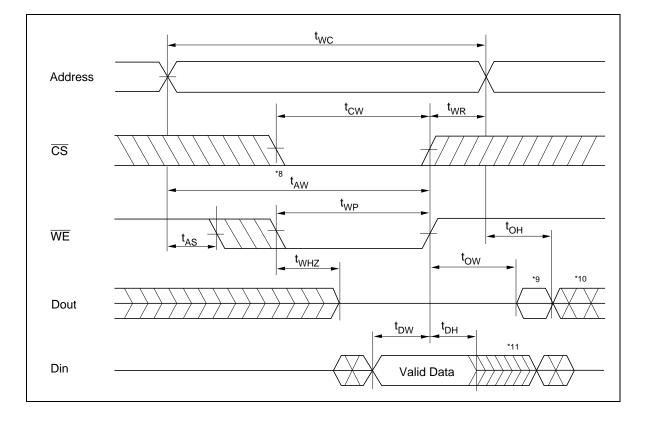
# **Timing Waveforms**

Read Timing Waveform  $(\overline{WE} = V_{IH})$ 





# Write Timing Waveform (1) (OE Clock)



Write Timing Waveform (2) (OE Low Fixed)

# Low $V_{cc}$ Data Retention Characteristics (Ta = 0 to +70°C)

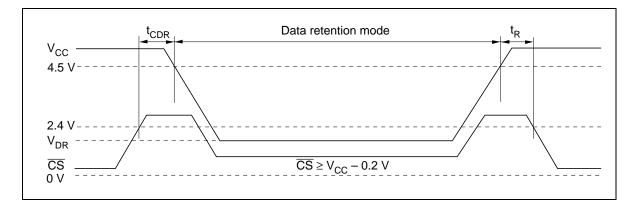
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	Test conditions* <sup>3</sup>
$V_{cc}$ for data retention	$V_{\rm DR}$	2	_	_	V	$\overline{\text{CS}} \ge \text{V}_{\text{cc}} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \text{ Vin} \ge 0 \text{ V}$
Data retention current	I <sub>CCDR</sub>	—	1*4	50* <sup>1</sup>	μA	$\frac{V_{cc}}{CS} = 3.0 \text{ V}, \text{ Vin} \ge 0 \text{ V}$ $\overline{CS} \ge V_{cc} - 0.2 \text{ V}$
		_	<b>1</b> * <sup>4</sup>	15* <sup>2</sup>	μΑ	_
Chip deselect to data retention time	$\mathbf{t}_{_{\mathrm{CDR}}}$	0	_	_	ns	See retention waveform
Operation recovery time	t <sub>R</sub>	5	—	_	ms	

Notes: 1. For L-version and 20  $\mu A$  (max.) at Ta = 0 to 40°C.

2. For SL-version and 3  $\mu$ A (max.) at Ta = 0 to 40°C.

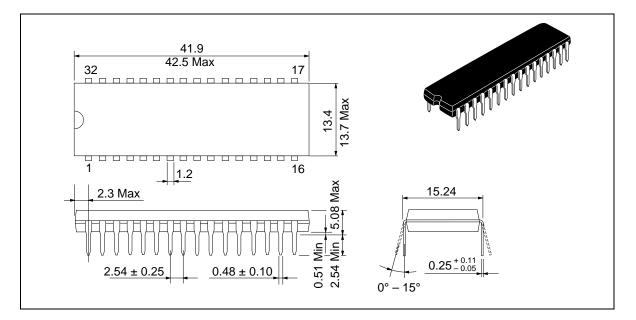
- 3. CS controls address buffer, WE buffer, OE buffer, and Din buffer. In data retention mode, Vin levels (address, WE, OE, I/O) can be in the high impedance state.
- 4. Typical values are at V $_{\rm cc}$  = 3.0 V, Ta = 25°C and specified loading, and not guaranteed.

# Low $V_{cc}$ Data Retention Timing Waveform $(\overline{\text{CS}} \text{ Controlled})$



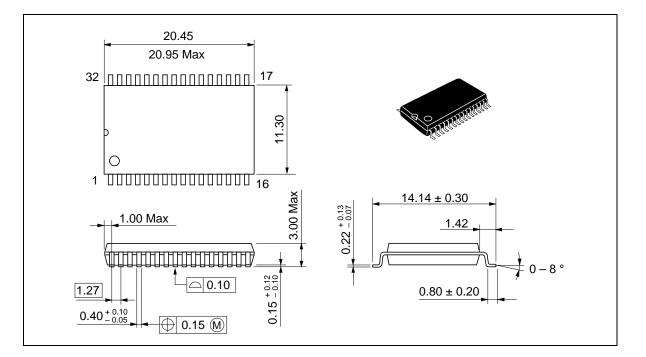
#### **Package Dimensions**

HM628512ALP Series (DP-32)



HM628512ALFP Series (FP-32D)

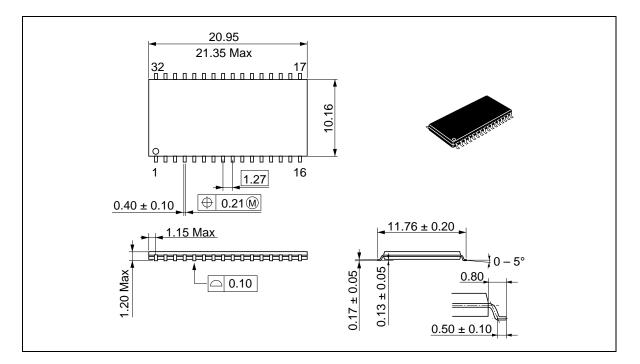
Unit: mm



Unit: mm

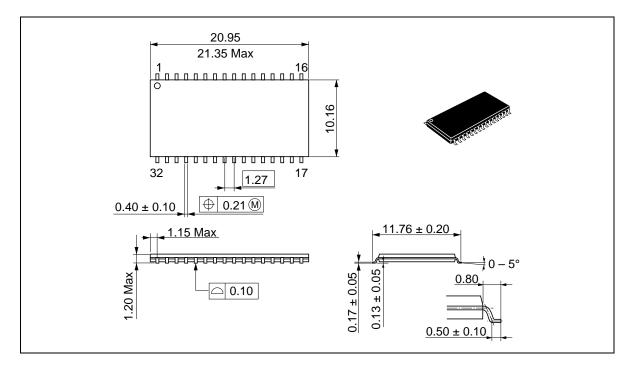
#### HM628512ALTT Series (TTP-32D)

Unit: mm



HM628512ALRR Series (TTP-32DR)

Unit: mm



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#### **Revision Record**

Rev.	Date	Contents of Modification	Drawn by	Approved by
0.0	Sep. 12, 1996	Initial issue		