

### FEATURES

- Industry Standard SOIC-8 Surface Mountable Package
- High Current Transfer Ratio, 800%
- Low Input Current, 0.5mA
- High Output Current, 60mA
- Isolation Test Voltage, 2500 VACRMS
- TTL Compatible Output, VOL=0.1 V
- Adjustable Bandwidth-Access to Base
- Underwriters Lab File #E52744

### APPLICATIONS

- Logic Ground Isolation-TTL/TTL, TTL/CMOS, CMOS/CMOS, CMOS/TTL
- EIA RS 232C Line Receiver
- Low Input Current Line Receiver-Long Lines, Party Lines
- Telephone Ring Detector
- 117 VAC Line Voltage Status Indication-Low Input Power Dissipation
- Low Power Systems-Ground Isolation

### DESCRIPTION

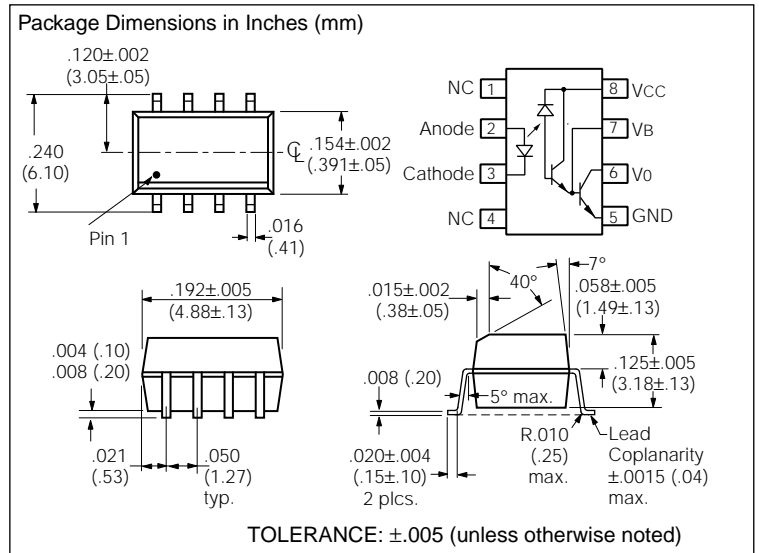
Very high current ratio together with 2500 VAC isolation are achieved by coupling an LED with an integrated high gain photodetector in a SOIC-8 package. Separate pins for the photodiode and output stage enable TTL compatible saturation voltages with high speed operation. Photodarlington operation is achieved by tying the VCC and VO terminals together. Access to the base terminal allows adjustment to the gain bandwidth.

The SFH6318 is ideal for TTL applications since the 300% minimum current transfer ratio with an LED current of 1.6 mA enables operation with one unit load-in and one unit load-out with a 2.2 KW pull-up resistor.

The SFH6319 is best suited for low power logic applications involving CMOS and low power TTL. A 400% current transfer ratio with only 0.5 mA of LED current is guaranteed from 0°C to 70°C.

#### Caution:

Due to the small geometries of this device, it should be handled with Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) precautions. Proper grounding would prevent damage further and/or degradation which may be induced by ESD.



### Maximum Ratings (25°)

#### Emitter

Reverse Input Voltage..... 3 V  
Supply and Output Voltage, VCC (pin 8-5), VO (pin 6-5)

SFH6318..... -0.5 to 7 V  
SFH6319..... -0.5 to 18 V

Input Power Dissipation ..... 35 mW  
Derate Linearly above 50°C

Free Air Temperature..... 0.7 mW/°C

Average Input Current..... 20 mA

Peak Input Current..... 40 mA  
(50% Duty Cycle-1 ms pulse width)

Peak Transient Input Current  
(tp≤1 μsec, 300 pps) ..... 1.0 A

#### Detector (Si Photodiode + Photodarlington)

Output Current IO (pin 6)..... 60 mA

Emitter-Base Reverse Voltage (pin 5-7)..... 0.5 V

Output Power Dissipation ..... 150 mW  
Derate Linearly from 25°C ..... 2 mW/°C

#### Package

Storage Temperature ..... -55°C to +125°C

Operating Temperature ..... -40°C to +85°C

Lead Soldering Temperature (t=10 sec.) ..... 260°C

Junction Temperature ..... 100°C

Ambient Temperature Range ..... -55°C to +100°C

Isolation Test Voltage between

Emitter and Detector ..... 2500 VACRMS  
(refer to climate DIN 40046, part 2, Nov. 74)

Pollution Degree (DIN VDE 0110)..... 2

Creepage Distance ..... ≥4 mm

Clearance ..... ≥4 mm

Comparative Tracking Index

per DIN IEC 112/VDE 0303, part 1 ..... 175

Isolation Resistance

VIO=500 V, TA=25°C RISOL ..... ≥1012W

VIO=500 V, TA=100°C RISOL ..... ≥1011W

**Electro-Optical Characteristics** ( $T_A=0^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $70^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ -Typical, unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter                                | Symbol                  | Device  | Min        | Typ                    | Max               | Units                  | Test Conditions  | Note |
|--|-------------------------|---------|------------|------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|--|------|
| Current Transfer Ratio                   | CTR                     | SFH6318 | 300        | 1600                   | 2600              | %                      | $I_F=1.6\text{ mA}$ , $V_O=0.4\text{ V}$ , $V_{CC}=4.5\text{ V}$   | 1,2  |
|  |                         | SFH6319 | 400<br>500 | 1600<br>2000           | 2600<br>3500      | %                      | $I_F=0.5\text{ mA}$ , $V_O=0.4\text{ V}$ , $V_{CC}=4.5\text{ V}$<br>$I_F=1.6\text{ mA}$ , $V_O=0.4\text{ V}$ , $V_{CC}=4.5\text{ V}$   | 1,2  |
| Logic Low Output Voltage                 | $V_{OL}$                | SFH6318 |            | 0.1                    | 0.4               | V                      | $I_F=1.6\text{ mA}$ , $I_O=4.8\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC}=4.5\text{ V}$  | 2    |
|  |                         | SFH6319 |            | 0.1<br>0.15<br>0.25    | 0.4<br>0.4<br>0.4 | V                      | $I_F=1.6\text{ mA}$ , $I_O=8\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC}=4.5\text{ V}$<br>$I_F=5\text{ mA}$ , $I_O=15\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC}=4.5\text{ V}$<br>$I_F=12\text{ mA}$ , $I_O=24\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC}=4.5\text{ V}$ | 2    |
| Logic High Output Current                | $I_{OH}$                | SFH6318 |            | 0.1                    | 250               | $\mu\text{A}$          | $I_F=0\text{ mA}$ , $V_O=V_{CC}=7\text{ V}$  | 2    |
|  |                         | SFH6319 |            | 0.05                   | 100               | $\mu\text{A}$          | $I_F=0\text{ mA}$ , $V_O=V_{CC}=18\text{ V}$   | 2    |
| Logic Low Supply Current                 | $I_{CCL}$               |         |            | 0.2                    | 1.5               | mA                     | $I_F=1.6\text{ mA}$ , $V_O=\text{OPEN}$ , $V_{CC}=18\text{ V}$   | 2    |
| Logic High Supply Current                | $I_{CCH}$               |         |            | 0.01                   | 10                | $\mu\text{A}$          | $I_F=0\text{ mA}$ , $V_O=\text{OPEN}$ , $V_{CC}=18\text{ V}$   | 2    |
| Input Forward Voltage                    | $V_F$                   |         |            | 1.4                    | 1.7               | V                      | $I_F=1.6\text{ mA}$ , $T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$   |      |
| Temperature Coefficient, Forward Voltage | $\Delta V_F/\Delta T_A$ |         |            | -1.8                   |                   | mV/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | $I_F=1.6\text{ mA}$  |      |
| Input Capacitance                        | $C_{IN}$                |         |            | 25                     |                   | pF                     | $f=1\text{ MHz}$ , $V_F=0$   |      |
| Resistance (Input-Output)                | $R_{I-O}$               |         |            | $10^{12}$<br>$10^{11}$ |                   | $\Omega$<br>$\Omega$   | $V_{IO}=500\text{ VDC}$ , $T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$<br>$V_{IO}=500\text{ VDC}$ , $T_A=100^{\circ}\text{C}$  | 3    |
| Capacitance (Input-Output)               | $C_{I-O}$               |         |            | 0.6                    |                   | pF                     | $f=1\text{ MHz}$   | 3    |

**Switching Specifications** ( $T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

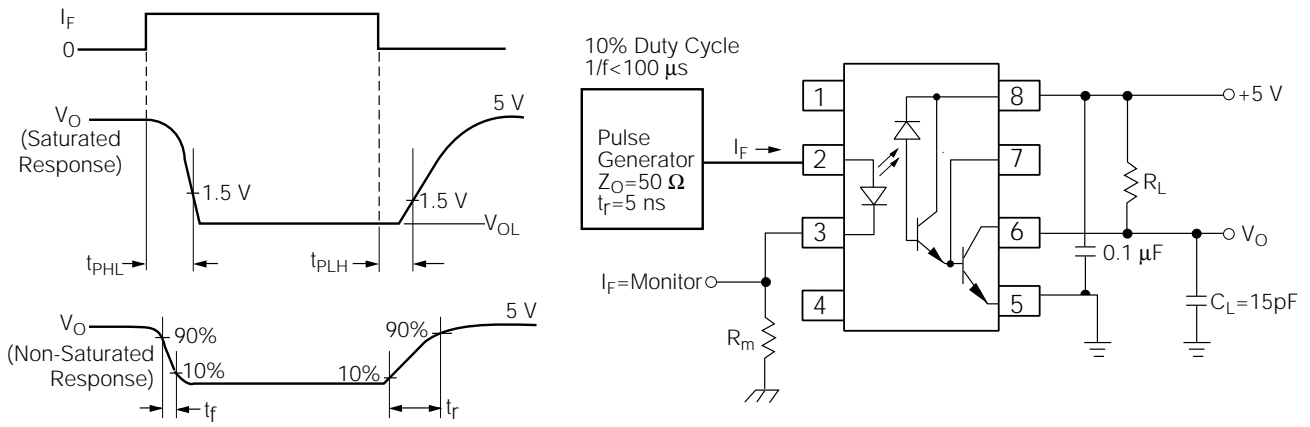
| Parameter   | Symbol    | Device  | Min | Typ      | Max     | Units            | Test Conditions  | Note |
|---|-----------|---------|-----|----------|---------|------------------|--|------|
| Propagation Delay Time To Logic Low at Output             | $t_{PHL}$ | SFH6318 |     | 2        | 10      | $\mu\text{s}$    | $I_F=1.6\text{ mA}$ , $R_L=2.2\text{ K}\Omega$   |      |
|   |           | SFH6319 |     | 6<br>0.6 | 25<br>1 | $\mu\text{s}$    | $I_F=0.5\text{ mA}$ , $R_L=4.7\text{ K}\Omega$<br>$I_F=12\text{ mA}$ , $R_L=270\ \Omega$ | 2,4  |
| Propagation Delay Time To Logic High at Output            | $t_{PLH}$ | SFH6318 |     | 2        | 35      | $\mu\text{s}$    | $I_F=1.6\text{ mA}$ , $R_L=2.2\text{ K}\Omega$   |      |
|   |           | SFH6319 |     | 4<br>1.5 | 60<br>7 | $\mu\text{s}$    | $I_F=0.5\text{ mA}$ , $R_L=4.7\text{ K}\Omega$<br>$I_F=12\text{ mA}$ , $R_L=270\ \Omega$ | 2,4  |
| Common Mode Transient Immunity at Logic High Level Output | $ CM_H $  |         |     | 1 K      |         | V/ $\mu\text{s}$ | $I_F=0\text{ mA}$ , $R_L=2.2\text{ K}\Omega$<br>$V_{CM}=10\text{ V}_{p-p}$               | 5,6  |
| Common Mode Transient Immunity at Logic Low Level Output  | $ CM_L $  |         |     | 1 K      |         | V/ $\mu\text{s}$ | $I_F=1.6\text{ mA}$ , $R_L=2.2\text{ K}\Omega$<br>$V_{CM}=10\text{ V}_{p-p}$             | 5,6  |

**Notes**

- DC current transfer ratio is defined as the ratio of output collector current,  $I_O$ , to the forward LED input current,  $I_F$  times 100%.
- Pin 7 open.
- Device considered a two-terminal device: pins 1, 2, 3 and 4 shorted together and pins 5, 6, 7 and 8 shorted together.
- Using a resistor between pin 5 and 7 will decrease gain and delay time.
- Common mode transient immunity in logic high level is the maximum tolerable (positive)  $dV_{cm}/dt$  on the leading edge of the common mode pulse,  $V_{CM}$ , to assure that the output will remain in a logic high state (i.e.  $V_O > 2.0\text{ V}$ ) common mode transient immunity in logic low level is the maximum tolerable (negative)  $dV_{cm}/dt$  on the trailing edge of the common mode pulse signal,  $V_{CM}$ , to assure that the output will remain in a logic low state (i.e.  $V_O < 0.8\text{ V}$ ).
- In applications where  $dv/dt$  may exceed  $50,000\text{ V}/\mu\text{s}$  (such as state discharge) a series resistor,  $R_{CC}$  should be included to protect IC from destructively high surge currents. The recommended value is  $R_{CC} \cong \frac{IV}{0.15 I_F(\text{mA})} \text{ k}\Omega$ . Refer to Figure 2.

$$R_{CC} \cong \frac{IV}{0.15 I_F(\text{mA})} \text{ k}\Omega$$

**Figure 1. Switching test circuit**



**Figure 2. Test circuit for transient immunity and typical waveforms**

