

1/4- to 1/11-DUTY FIP™ (VFD) CONTROLLER/DRIVER

DESCRIPTION

The μ PD16312 is a FIP (Fluorescent Indicator Panel, or Vacuum Fluorescent Display) controller/driver that is driven on a 1/4- to 1/11- duty factor. It consists of 11 segment output lines, 6 grid output lines, 5 segment/grid output drive lines, a display memory, a control circuit, and a key scan circuit. Serial data is input to the μ PD16312 through a three-line serial interface. This FIP controller/driver is ideal as a peripheral device for a single-chip microcomputer.

FEATURES

- Multiple display modes: 11-segment & 11-digit to 16-segment & 4-digit
- Key scanning: 6 x 4 matrix
- Dimming circuit: 8 steps
- High-withstanding-voltage output: $V_{DD} - 35$ V MAX.
- LED ports: 4 ch, 20 mA MAX.
- General input port: On-chip 4 bit
- No external resistors necessary for driver outputs: P-ch open-drain + pull-down resistor output
- Serial interface: CLK, STB, D_{IN}, D_{OUT}

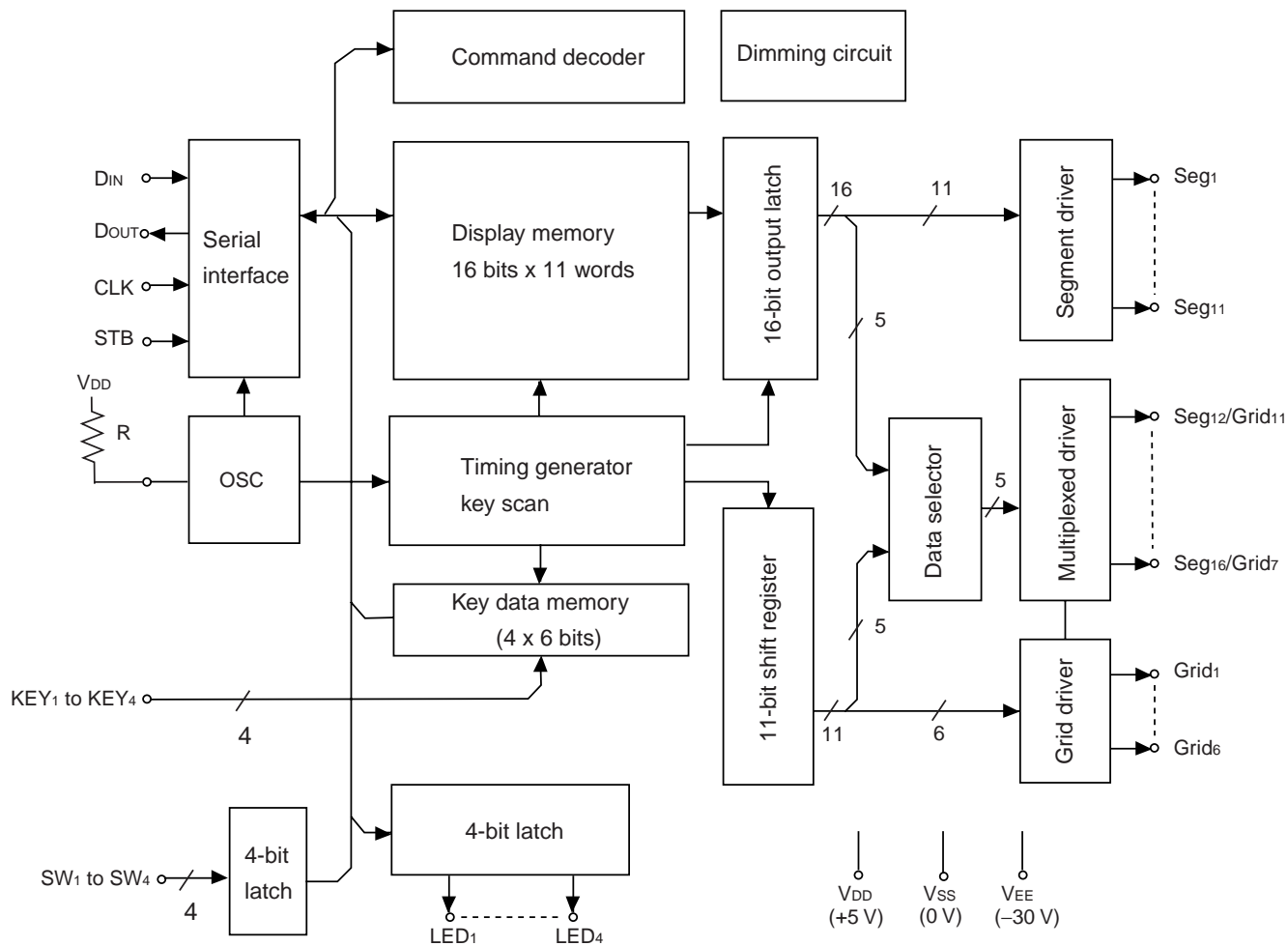
ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Package
μ PD16312GB-3B4, μ PD16312GB-3BS	44-pin Plastic QFP (10 x 10)

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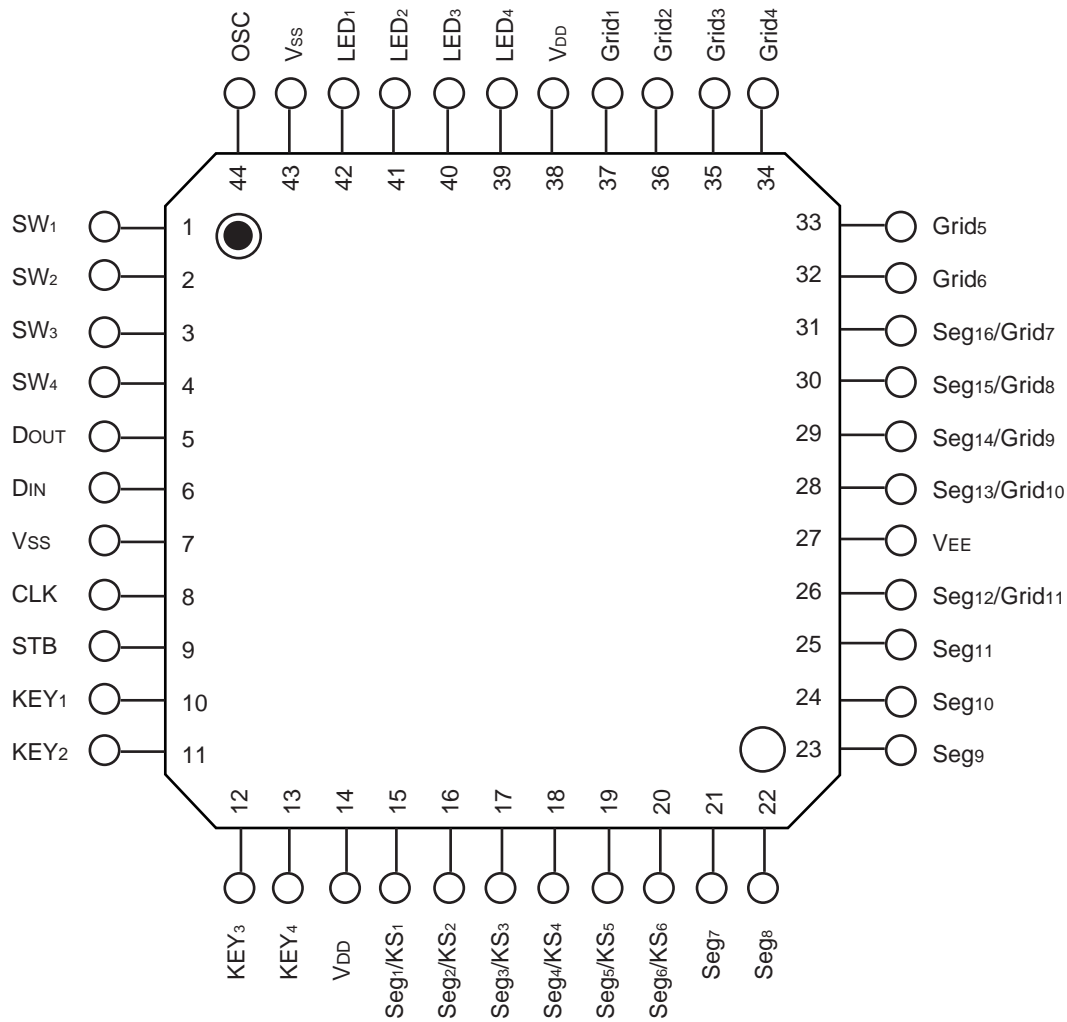
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1. BLOCK DIAGRAM



2. PIN CONFIGURATION (Top View)

44-pin Plastic QFP (10 x 10)



Caution Use all of the power supply pins.

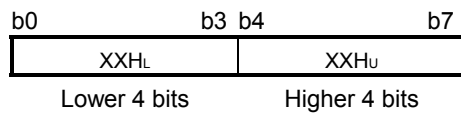
3. PIN FUNCTION

Symbol	Pin Name	Pin No.	I/O	Description
D _{IN}	Data input	6	Input	Input serial data at rising edge of shift clock, starting from the low order bit.
D _{OUT}	Data output	5	Output	Output serial data at the falling edge of the shift clock, starting from low order bit. This is N-ch open-drain output pin.
STB	Strobe	9	Input	Initializes serial interface at the rising or falling edge of the μPD16312. It then waits for reception of a command. Data input after STB has fallen is processed as a command. While command data is processed, current processing is stopped, and the serial interface is initialized. While STB is high, CLK is ignored.
CLK	Clock input	8	Input	Reads serial data at the rising edge, and outputs data at the falling edge.
OSC	Oscillator	44	–	Connect external resistor to this pin to determine the oscillation frequency to this pin.
Seg ₁ /KS ₁ to Seg ₆ /KS ₆	High-withstanding-voltage output (Segment)	15 to 20	Output	Segment output pins (Dual function as key source)
Seg ₇ to Seg ₁₁	High-withstanding-voltage output (Segment)	21 to 25	Output	Segment output pins
Grid ₁ to Grid ₆	High-withstanding-voltage output (grid)	37 to 32	Output	Grid output pins
Seg ₁₂ /Grid ₁₁ to Seg ₁₆ /Grid ₇	High-withstanding-voltage output (segment/grid)	26, 28 to 31	Output	These pins are selectable for segment or grid driving.
LED ₁ to LED ₄	LED output	42 to 39	Output	CMOS output, +20 mA MAX.
KEY ₁ to KEY ₄	Key data input	10 to 13	Input	Data input to these pins is latched at the end of the display cycle.
SW ₁ to SW ₄	Switch input	1 to 4	Input	General input port for 4 bit.
V _{DD}	Logic power	14, 28	–	5 V ± 10%
V _{SS}	Logic ground	7, 43	–	Connect this pin to system GND.
V _{EE}	Pull-down level	27	–	V _{DD} – 35 V MAX.

4. DISPLAY RAM ADDRESS AND DISPLAY MODE

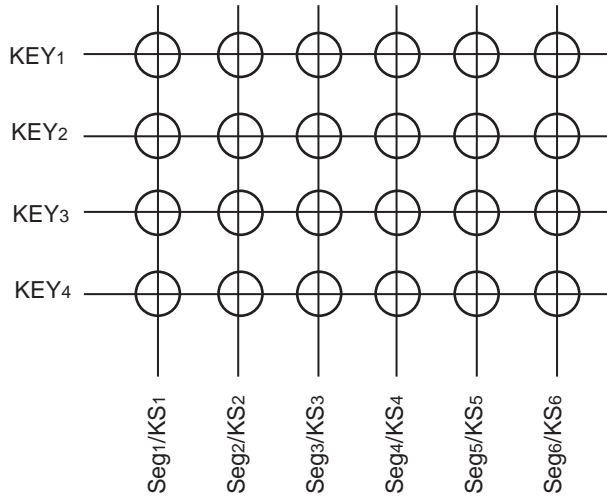
The display RAM stores the data transmitted to the μPD16312 through the serial communication. The addresses are allocated in 8-bit units.

Seg ₁	Seg ₄	Seg ₈	Seg ₁₂	Seg ₁₆	
00H _L	00H _U	01H _L	01H _U		DIG ₁
02H _L	02H _U	03H _L	03H _U		DIG ₂
04H _L	04H _U	05H _L	05H _U		DIG ₃
06H _L	06H _U	07H _L	07H _U		DIG ₄
08H _L	08H _U	09H _L	09H _U		DIG ₅
0AH _L	0AH _U	0BH _L	0BH _U		DIG ₆
0CH _L	0CH _U	0DH _L	0DH _U		DIG ₇
0EH _L	0EH _U	0FH _L	0FH _U		DIG ₈
10H _L	10H _U	11H _L	11H _U		DIG ₉
12H _L	12H _U	13H _L	13H _U		DIG ₁₀
14H _L	14H _U	15H _L	15H _U		DIG ₁₁

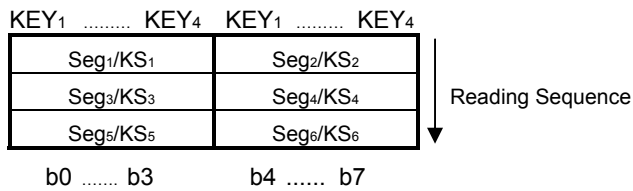


5. KEY MATRIX AND KEY-INPUT DATA STORAGE RAM

The key matrix is made up of a 6 x 4 matrix, as shown below.

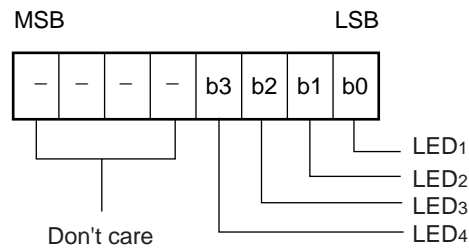


The data of each key is stored as follows, and is read with the read command starting from the least significant bit.



5.1 LED Port

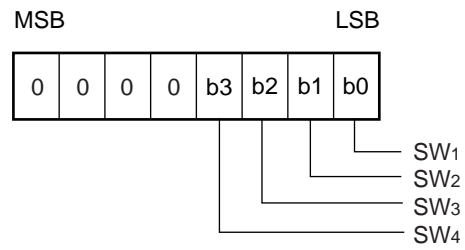
Data is written to the LED port with the write command, starting from the least significant bit. “L” output when the bit of this port is 0, and “H” output when the bit is 1. The data of bits after the 5th bit are ignored.



Remark Power ON application, all the LED ports are “L” output.

5.2 SW Data

SW data is read the read command, starting from the least significant bit. The data of bits after the 5th bit are inputted to 0.



6. COMMANDS

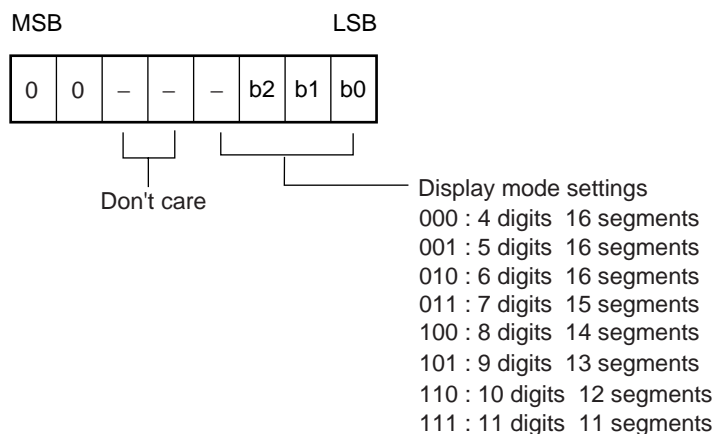
Commands set the display mode and status of the FIP™ (VFD) driver.

The first 1 byte input to the μPD16312 through the D_{IN} pin after the STB pin has fallen is regarded as a command. If STB is set high while commands/data are transmitted, serial communication is initialized, and the commands/data being transmitted are invalid (however, the commands/data previously transmitted remain valid).

(1) Display mode setting commands

These commands initialize the μPD16312 and select the number of segments and the number of grids (1/4- to 1/11- duty, 11 segments to 16 segments).

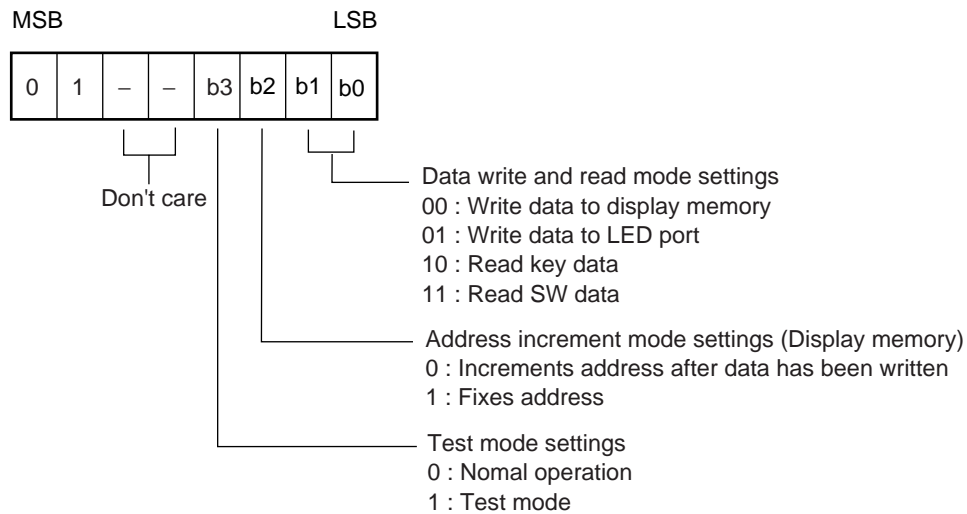
When these commands are executed, the display is forcibly turned OFF, and key scanning is also stopped. To resume display, the display command “ON” must be executed. If the same mode is selected, however, nothing happens.



Remark Power ON application, the 11-digit, 11-segment mode is selected.

(2) Data setting commands

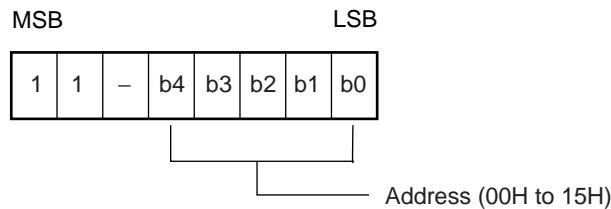
These commands set data write and data read modes.



Remark Power ON application, the normal operation and address increment modes are set.

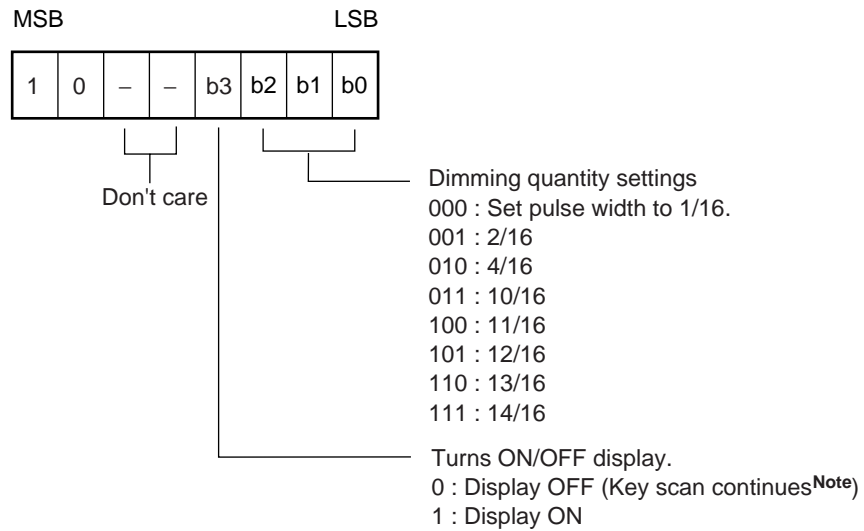
(3) Address setting commands

These commands set an address of the display memory.



- Remarks**
1. If address 16H or higher is set, data is ignored, until a valid address is set.
 2. Power ON application, the address is set to 00H.

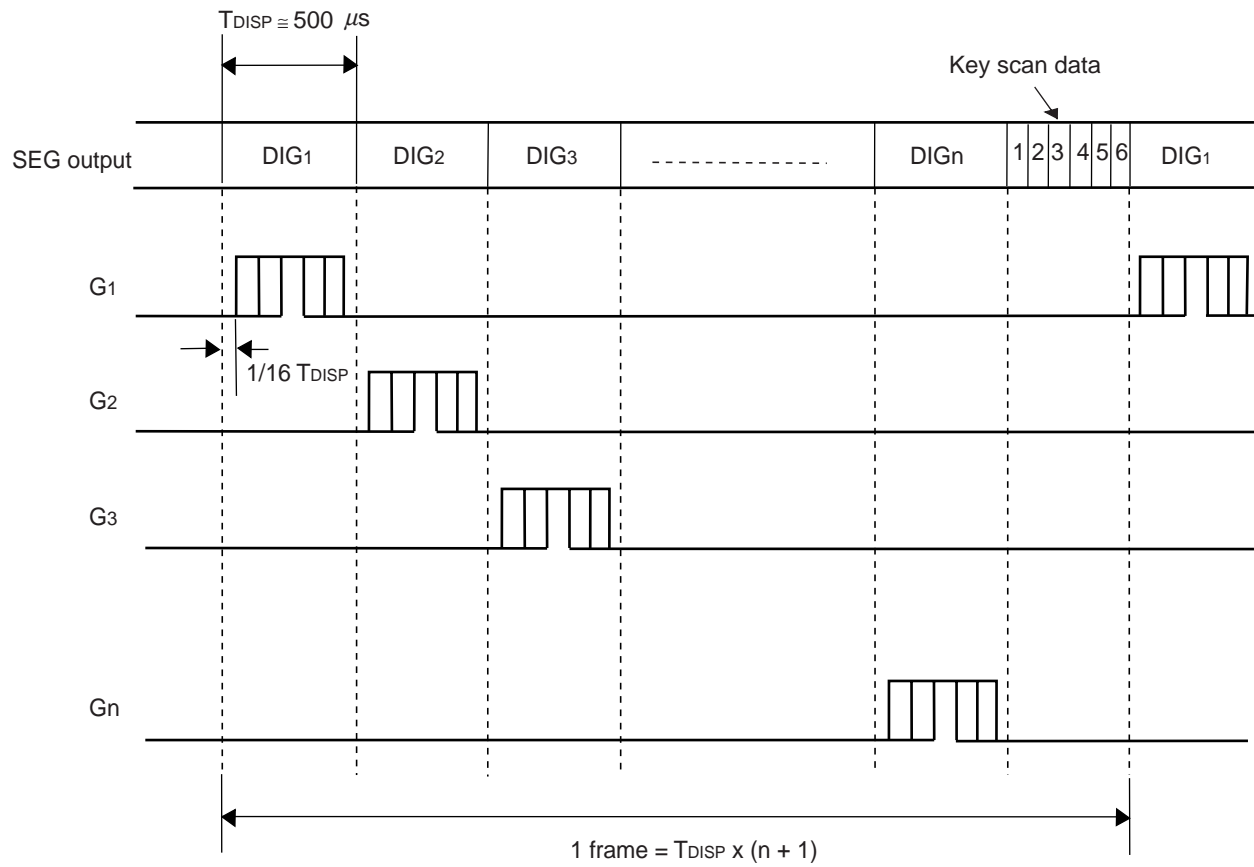
(4) Display control commands



Note Power ON application, key scanning is stopped.

Remark Power ON application, the 1/16 pulse width is set and the display is turned OFF.

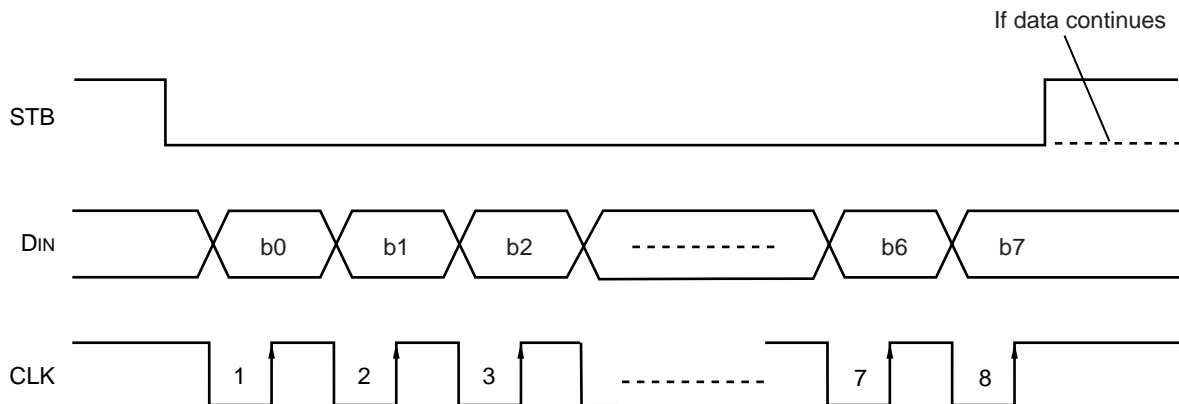
7. KEY SCANNING AND DISPLAY TIMING



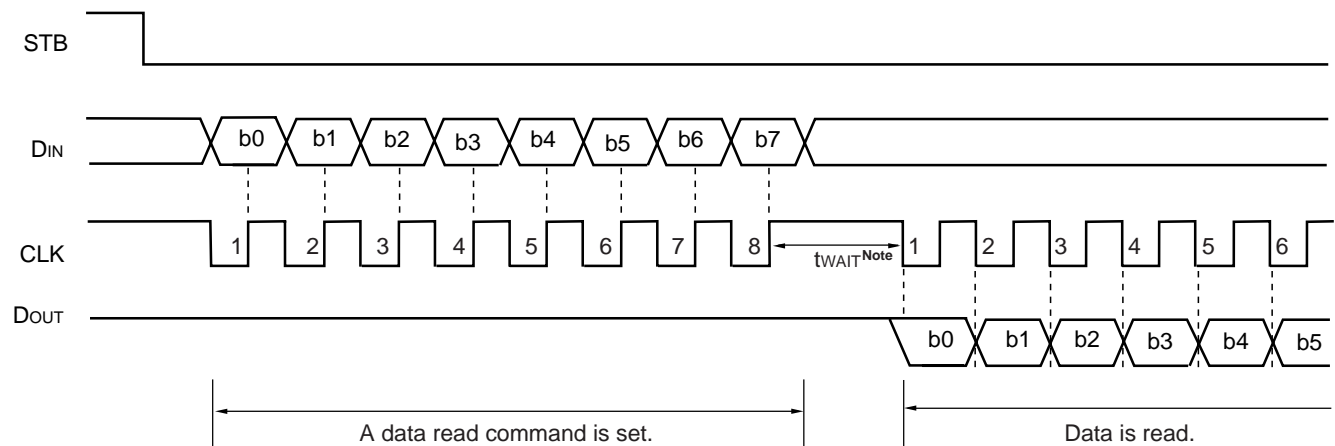
Remark One cycle of key scanning consists of one frame, and data in a 6 x 4 matrix is stored in RAM.

8. SERIAL COMMUNICATION FORMAT

Reception (command/data write)



Transmission (data read)



Note When data is read, a wait time t_{WAIT} of 1 μs is necessary since the rising of the eighth clock that has set the command, until the falling of the first clock that has read the data.

Remark Because the DOUT pin is an N-ch, open-drain output pin, be sure to connect an external pull-up resistor (1 to 10 k Ω) to this pin.

9. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_A = 25°C, V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Logic Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	-0.5 to +7.0	V
Driver Supply Voltage	V _{EE}	V _{DD} + 0.5 to V _{DD} - 40	V
Logic Input Voltage	V _{I1}	-0.5 to V _{DD} + 0.5	V
FIP Driver Output Voltage	V _{O2}	V _{EE} - 0.5 to V _{DD} + 0.5	V
LED Driver Output Current	I _{O1}	+25	mA
FIP Driver Output Current	I _{O2}	-40 (grid) -15 (segment)	mA
Power Dissipation	P _D	800 ^{Note}	mW
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _A	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-65 to +150	°C

Note Derate at -6.4 mW/°C at T_A = 25°C or higher.

Caution Product quality may suffer if the absolute maximum rating is exceeded even momentarily for any parameter. That is, the absolute maximum ratings are rated values at which the product is on the verge of suffering physical damage, and therefore the product must be used under conditions that ensure that the absolute maximum ratings are not exceeded.

Recommended Operating Range (T_A = -20 to +70°C, V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Logic Supply Voltage	V _{DD}		4.5	5	5.5	V
High-Level Input Voltage	V _{IH}		0.7 V _{DD}		V _{DD}	V
Low-Level Input Voltage	V _{IL}		0		0.3 V _{DD}	V
Driver Supply Voltage	V _{EE}		0		V _{DD} - 35	V

Remark Maximum power consumption P_{MAX.} = FIP driver dissipation + R_L dissipation + LED driver dissipation + dynamic power consumption

Where segment current = 3 mA, grid current = 15 mA, and LED current = 20 mA,

FIP driver dissipation = number of segments x 6 + number of grids/(number of grids + 1) x 30 (mW)

R_L dissipation = (V_{DD} - V_{EE})²/50 x (number of segments + 1) (mW)

LED driver dissipation = number of LEDs x 20 (mW)

Dynamic power consumption = V_{DD} x 5 (mW)

Sample

V_{EE} = -25 V, V_{DD} = 5 V, 16 segment, 6-digits mode

FIP driver dissipation = 16 x 6 + 6/7 x 30 = 122

R_L dissipation = 30²/50 x 17 = 306

LED driver dissipation = 4 x 20 = 80

Dynamic power consumption = 5 x 5 = 25

Total 533 mW

Electrical Characteristics (T_A = -20 to +70°C, V_{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V, V_{EE} = V_{DD} - 35 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
High-Level Output Voltage	V _{OH1}	LED ₁ to LED ₄ , I _{OH1} = -1 mA	0.9 V _{DD}			V
Low-Level Output Voltage	V _{OL1}	LED ₁ to LED ₄ , I _{OL1} = +20 mA			1	V
Low-Level Output Voltage	V _{OL2}	D _{OUT} , I _{OL2} = 4 mA			0.4	V
High-Level Output Current	I _{OH21}	V _O = V _{DD} - 2 V, Seg ₁ to Seg ₁₁	-3			mA
High-Level Output Current	I _{OH22}	V _O = V _{DD} - 2 V, Grid ₁ to Grid ₆ , Seg ₁₂ /Grid ₁₁ to Seg ₁₆ /Grid ₇	-15			mA
Driver Leakage Current	I _{OLEAK}	V _O = V _{DD} - 35 V, driver OFF			-10	μA
Output Pull-Down Resistor	R _L	Driver output	50	100	150	kΩ
Input Current	I _I	V _I = V _{DD} or V _{SS}			±1	μA
High-Level Input Voltage	V _{IH}		0.7 V _{DD}			V
Low-Level Input Voltage	V _{IL}				0.3 V _{DD}	V
Hysteresis Voltage	V _H	CLK, D _{IN} , STB		0.35		V
Dynamic Current Consumption	I _{DDdyn}	No load, display OFF			5	mA

Switching Characteristics (T_A = -20 to +70°C, V_{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5 V, V_{EE} = -30 V)

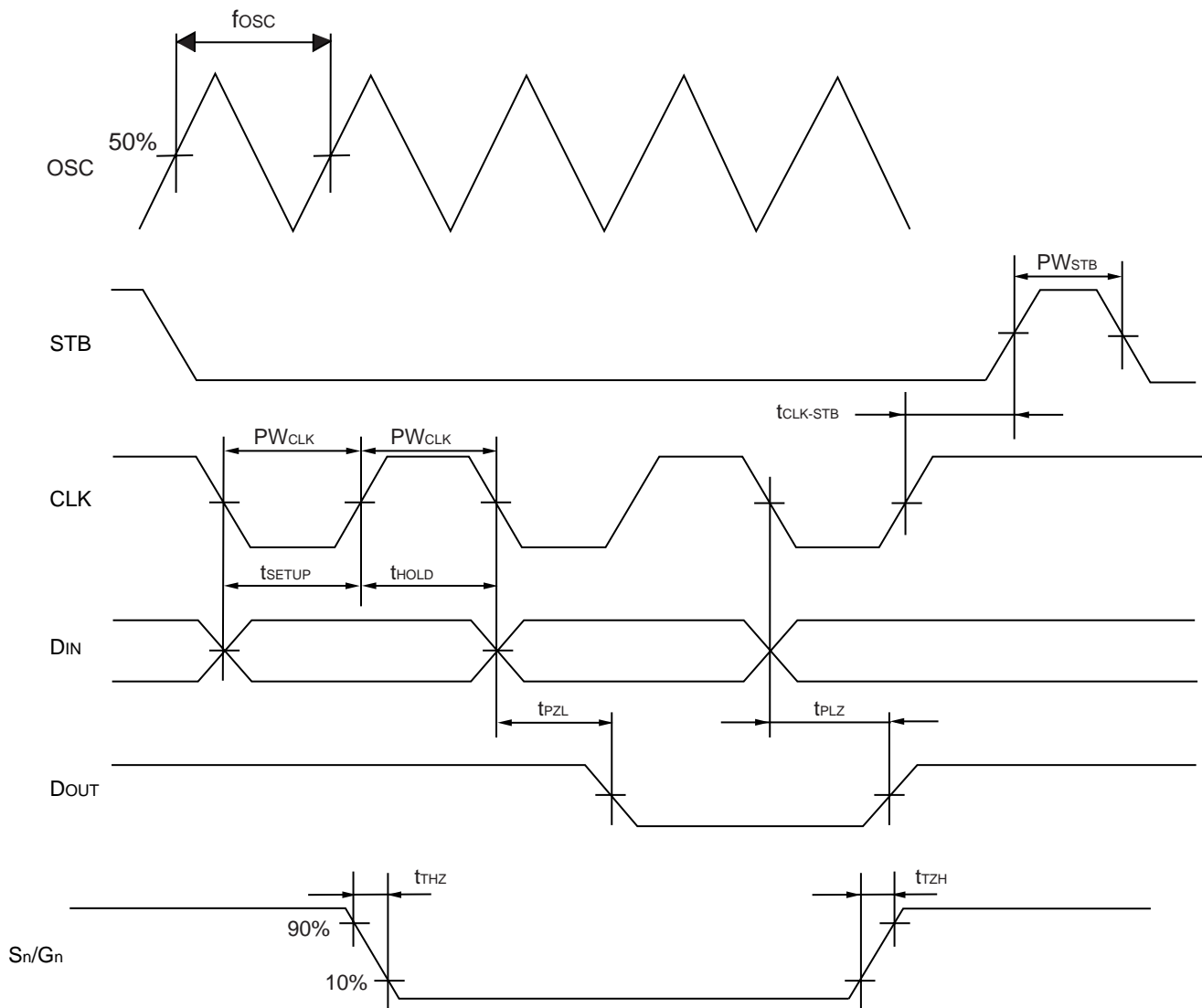
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Oscillation Frequency	f _{OSC}	R = 51 kΩ	350	500	650	kHz
Propagation Delay Time	t _{PLZ}	CLK → D _{OUT}			300	ns
	t _{PZL}	C _L = 15 pF, R _L = 10 kΩ			100	ns
Rise Time	t _{TZH1}	C _L = 300 pF Seg ₁ to Seg ₁₁ Grid ₁ to Grid ₆ , Seg ₁₂ /Grid ₁₁ to Seg ₁₆ /Grid ₇			2	μs
	t _{TZH2}				0.5	μs
Fall Time	t _{THZ}	C _L = 300 pF, Seg _n , Grid _n			120	μs
Maximum Clock Frequency	f _{MAX}	Duty = 50%	1			MHz
Input Capacitance	C _I				15	pF

Timing Conditions (T_A = -20 to +70°C, V_{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5 V)

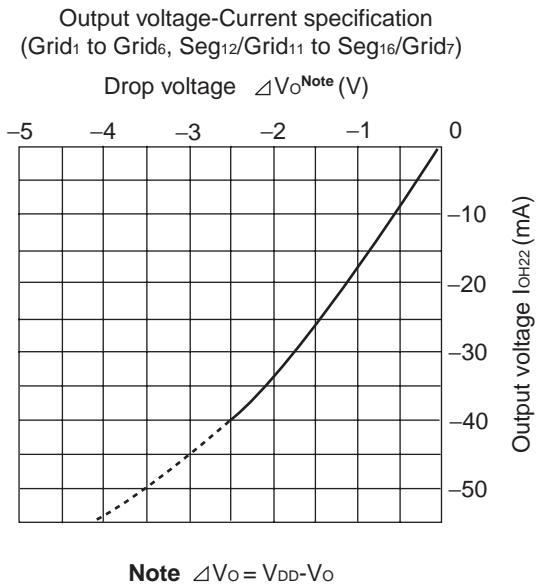
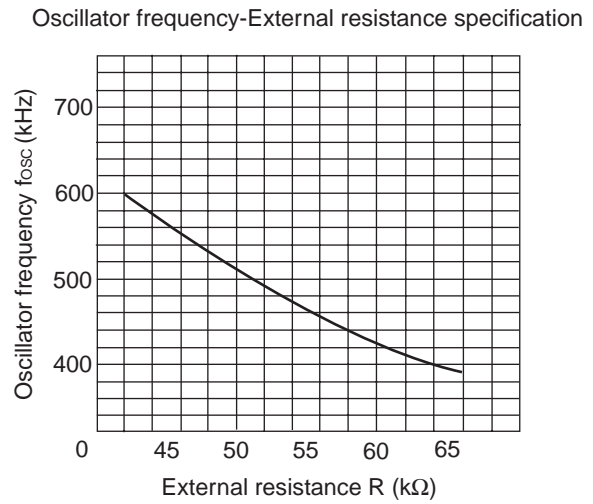
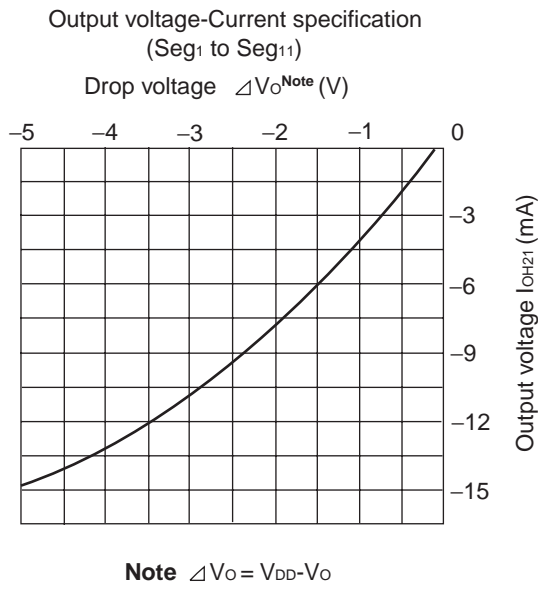
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Clock Pulse Width	PW _{CLK}		400			ns
Strobe Pulse Width	PW _{STB}		1			μs
Data Setup Time	t _{SETUP}		100			ns
Data Hold Time	t _{HOLD}		100			ns
Clock-Strobe Time	t _{CLK-STB}	CLK ↑ → STB ↑	1			μs
Wait Time	t _{WAIT}	CLK ↑ → CLK ↓ ^{Note}	1			μs

Note Refer to the 8. SERIAL COMMUNICATION FORMAT.

Switching Characteristic Waveforms

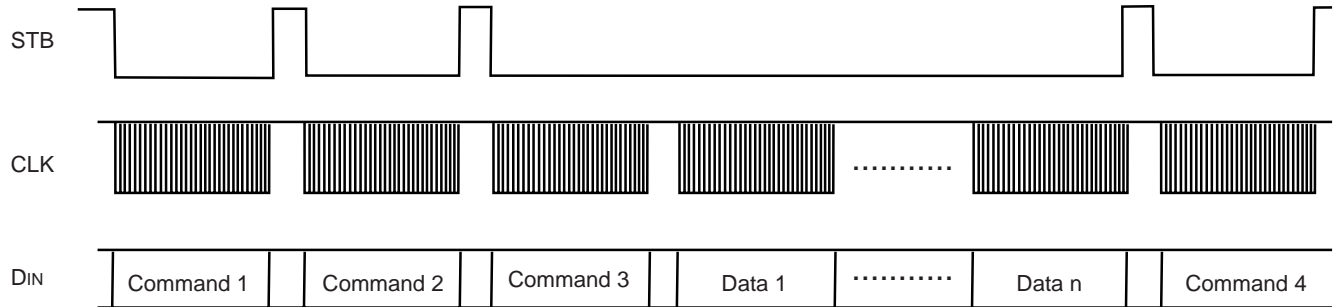


Electrical Curve Line (Unless otherwise specified, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = +5.0\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = V_{DD} - 35\text{ V}$)



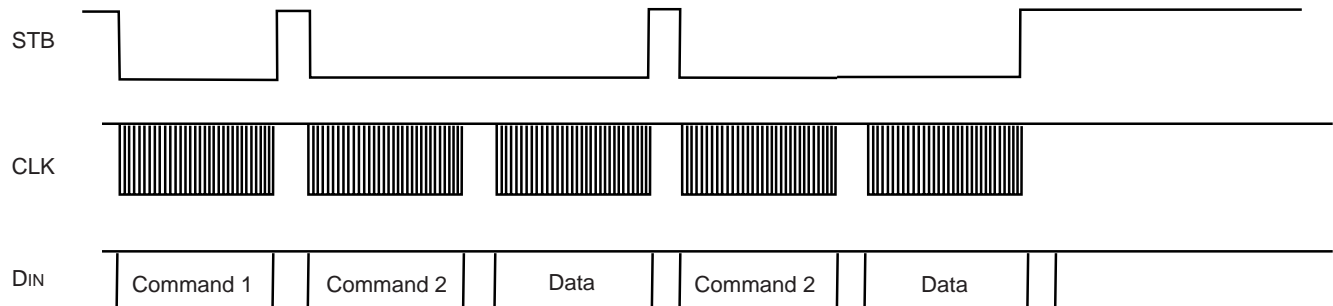
10. APPLICATIONS

Updating display memory by incrementing address



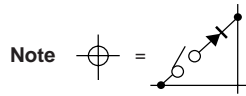
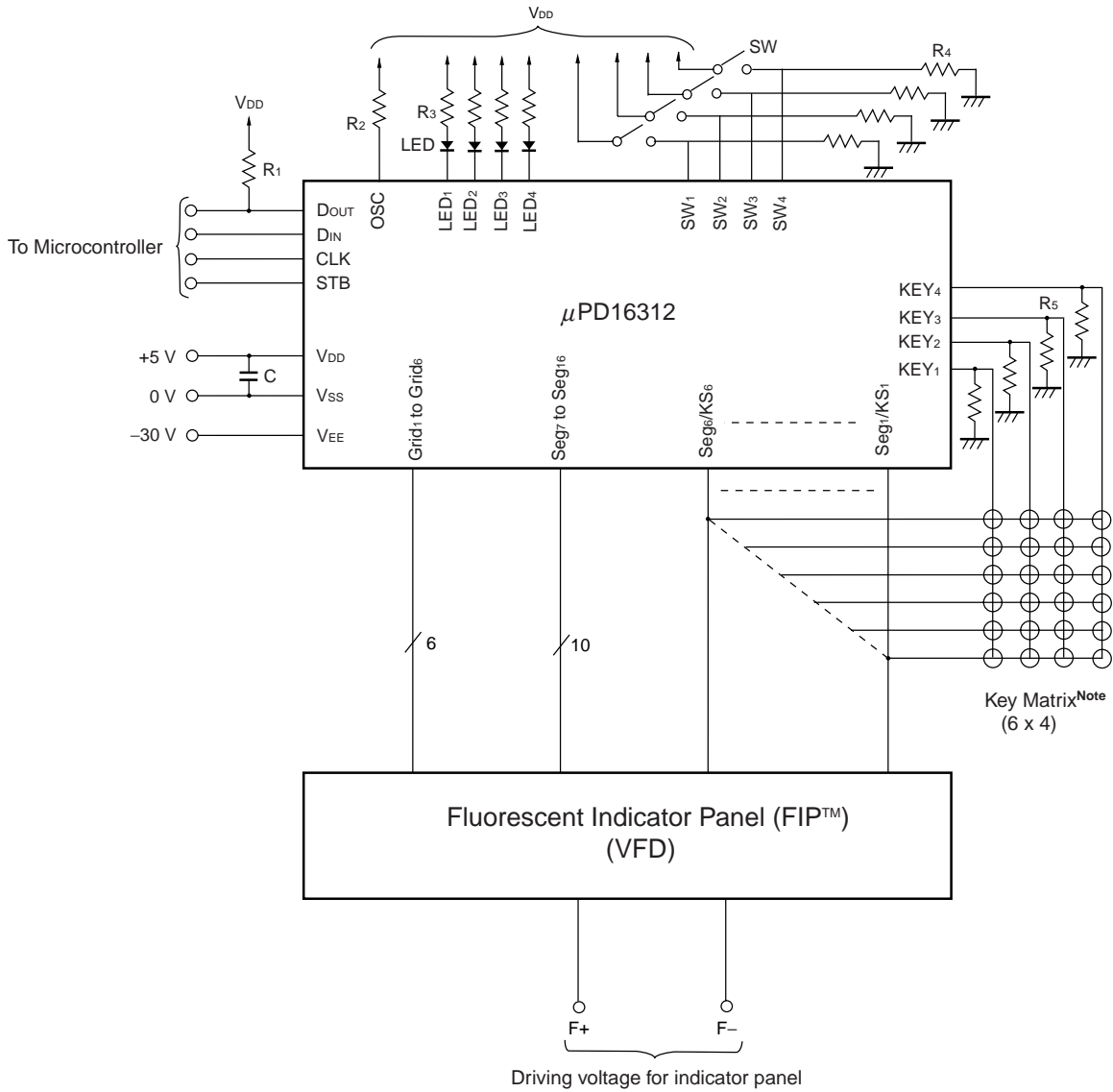
- Command 1 : Sets display mode
- Command 2 : Sets data
- Command 3 : Sets address
- Data 1 to n : Transfers display data (22 bytes MAX.)
- Command 4 : Controls display

Updating specific address



- Command 1 : Sets data
- Command 2 : Sets address
- Data : Display data

11. CIRCUIT EXAMPLE FOR APPLICATION (6 digit, 16 segment)



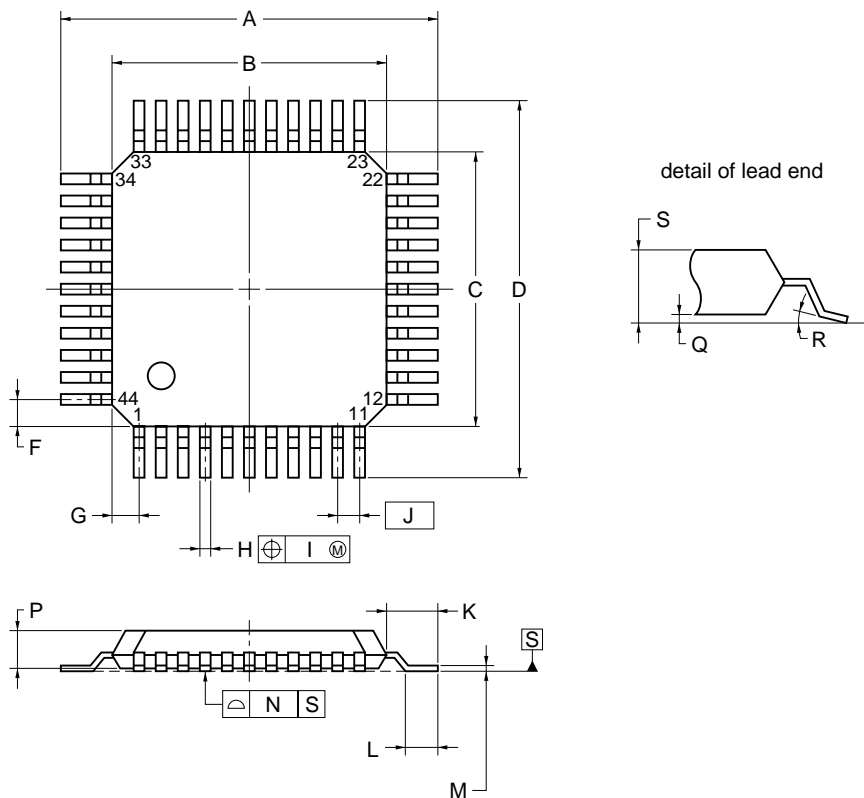
Remark R1, R4, R5 = 1 k to 10 kΩ
 R2 = 51 kΩ
 R3 = 330 to 1 kΩ
 C = 0.1 μ to 1.0 μF

Caution The application circuit and circuit constant of printing are shown in illustration, and are not aimed at a mass-production design.

12. PACKAGE DRAWING

• μPD16312GB-3B4

44-PIN PLASTIC QFP (10x10)



NOTE

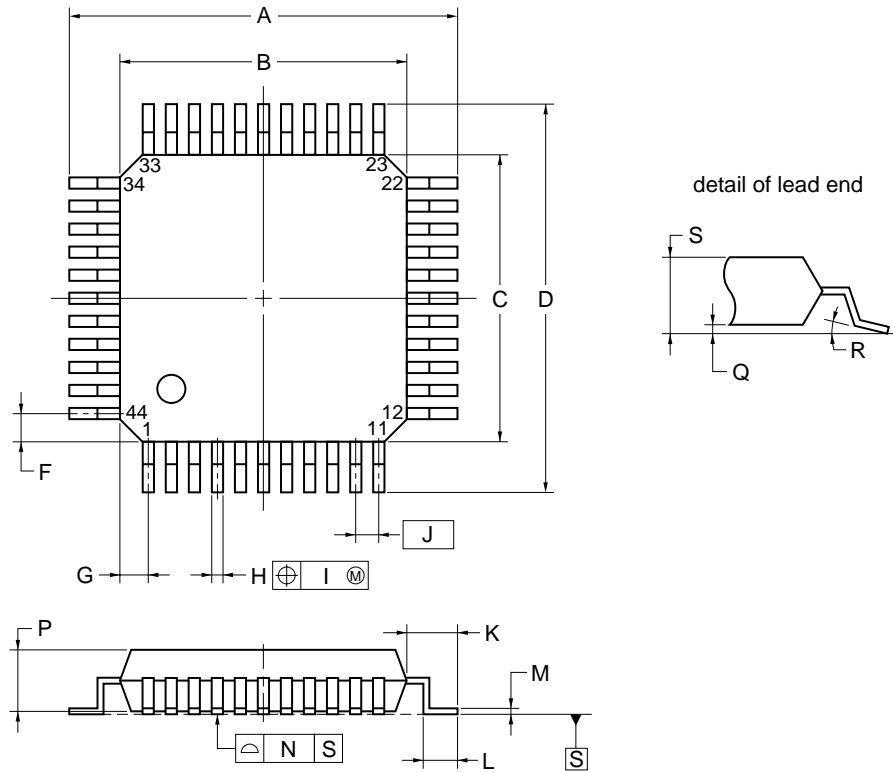
Each lead centerline is located within 0.15 mm of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.

ITEM	MILLIMETERS
A	13.2±0.4
B	10.0±0.2
C	10.0±0.2
D	13.2±0.4
F	1.0
G	1.0
H	0.35±0.10
I	0.15
J	0.8 (T.P.)
K	1.6±0.2
L	0.8±0.2
M	0.15 ^{+0.10} _{-0.05}
N	0.10
P	2.7
Q	0.1±0.1
R	5°±5°
S	3.0 MAX.

S44GB-80-3B4-3

• μPD16312GB-3BS

44-PIN PLASTIC QFP (10x10)



NOTE

Each lead centerline is located within 0.16 mm of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.

ITEM	MILLIMETERS
A	13.2±0.2
B	10.0±0.2
C	10.0±0.2
D	13.2±0.2
F	1.0
G	1.0
H	0.37 ^{+0.08} _{-0.07}
I	0.16
J	0.8 (T.P.)
K	1.6±0.2
L	0.8±0.2
M	0.17 ^{+0.06} _{-0.05}
N	0.10
P	2.7±0.1
Q	0.125±0.075
R	3 ^{+7°} _{-3°}
S	3.0 MAX.

S44GB-80-3BS-2